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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/425,630	10/22/1999		SHINGO HAMADA	400388/TSINT	9818	
23548	7590	06/25/2002				
LEYDIG VOIT & MAYER, LTD 700 THIRTEENTH ST. NW SUITE 300				EXAMINER		
				DICKENS, C	CHARLENE	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005-3960		20005-3960		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2855		
				DATE MAILED: 06/25/2002	DATE MAILED: 06/25/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No. 09/425, 630	Applicant(s)	etal.	
> *	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Group Art Uni	5	
-	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet be	neath th correspondence	e address —	
P riod	for Reply	_	,		
A SHO	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO IS COMMUNICATION.	EXPIRE	MONTH(S) FROM THE	MAILING DATE	
fron - If th - If N - Fail - Any ten	tensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR on the mailing date of this communication. The period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply entire to reply is specified above, such period shall, by default lure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stative yreply received by the Office later than three months after the main adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	eply within the statutory min t, expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro tute, cause the application to ling date of this communica	imum of thirty (30) days will be on the mailing date of this common become ABANDONED (35 U.S.	onsidered timely. Junication. .C. § 133).	
Status R	desponsive to communication(s) filed on	02		•	
'_ n	his action is FINAL.				
	ince this application is in condition for allowance except ccordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935			s closed in	
Dispos	ition of Claims				
γ Σ c	laim(s) /-4 / 6 - (6	is/are pending in the	$_{-}$ is/are pending in the application.		
/ 0	of the above claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from	is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
□ C	laim(s)	is/are allowed.	_ is/are allowed.		
\Q\C	laim(s) 1 - 4 \$ 6 16	is/are rejected.	_ is/are rejected.		
-{ c	laim(s)	is/are objected to.			
□ C	laim(s)	are subject to restrict	_ are subject to restriction or election		
Applica	ation Papers		requirement		
	he proposed drawing correction, filed on	is 🗆 approved	☐ disapproved.		
□π	he drawing(s) filed on is/are object	ted to by the Examiner			
Π□	he specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
□Ⅱ	he oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.				
Pri rity	y under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)–(d)				
	cknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)	–(d).		
	All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the:				
	Certified copies of the priority documents have been re	eceived.			
	Certified copies of the priority documents have been re	eceived in Application N	o		
	Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received			
	in this national stage application from the International	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2	(a))		
*Cer	tified copies not received:			·	
Attach	ment(s)				
. 🗆 In	formation Disclosure Statem nt(s), PTO-1449, Paper No	(s) 🗆 In	ntervi w Summary, PTO-413	i	
- DA	/ otice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892	□ N	☐ N tice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152		
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		dian Commission			
	Office Ac	tion Summary			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 11/00)

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3.

- Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.
- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-4 and 6-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over The Admitted Prior Art (APA) in view of Shockley (US Pat 2,509,889). The APA teaches flow rate measuring device (Figs. 39-45) comprising: a post located in a fluid passage and extending across a part of the fluid flow; a measuring duct (130, 131, 102, 129, 140, 171) having a fluid introduction port with an elongated shape confronting a flow direction of the fluid flow and a first pair of generally smooth, converging inner wall surfaces, narrowing toward a downstream direction of the fluid flow, each of the smooth inner wall surfaces having a profile, in a cross-section parallel to the fluid flow direction and parallel to the post, and a single hole downstream of the fluid introduction port and a flow rate detector (31, 121, 162b) located in the measuring duct wherein the measuring duct has a fluid introduction port (20, 170a) with an

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curved elongated shape and confronting a flow direction of the flow, the measuring duct having at least one portion located between the fluid introduction port and the flow rate detector substantially smoothly narrowing, i.e, inner wall surface narrowing, toward a downstream direction of the flow in a longitudinal direction of the elongated shape, and the measuring duct has a single hole in the at least one portion; wherein the introduction port has a length in the longitudinal direction and width in a transverse direction, transverse to the longitudinal direction, the longitudinal length being substantially at least twice the width. However, the APA does not disclose a measuring duct having a first pair of generally smooth converging inner wall surfaces including an inflection point. Shockley discloses a measuring duct having a first pair of generally smooth converging inner wall surfaces including an inflection point (Fig. 2) for the purpose of increasing the thermal sensitivity of thermistors in a an altimeter. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have a measuring duct having a first pair of generally smooth converging inner wall surfaces including an inflection point in the APA as taught by Shockley for the purpose of increasing the thermal sensitivity of thermistors in a an altimeter.

4. Claims 1-4 and 6-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as

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being unpatentable over The Admitted Prior Art (APA) in view of Bonne (US Pat 5,249,462). The APA teaches flow rate measuring device (Figs. 39-45) comprising: a post located in a fluid passage and extending across a part of the fluid flow; a measuring duct (130, 131, 102, 129, 140, 171) having a fluid introduction port with an elongated shape confronting a flow direction of the fluid flow and a first pair of generally smooth, converging inner wall surfaces, narrowing toward a downstream direction of the fluid flow, each of the smooth inner wall surfaces having a profile, in a cross-section parallel to the fluid flow direction and parallel to the post, and a single hole downstream of the fluid introduction port and a flow rate detector (31, 121, 162b) located in the measuring duct wherein the measuring duct has a fluid introduction port (20, 170a) with an curved elongated shape and confronting a flow direction of the flow, the measuring duct having at least one portion located between the fluid introduction port and the flow rate detector substantially smoothly narrowing, i.e, inner wall surface narrowing, toward a downstream direction of the flow in a longitudinal direction of the elongated shape, and the measuring duct has a single hole in the at least one portion; wherein the introduction port has a length in the longitudinal direction and width in a transverse direction, transverse to the longitudinal direction, the longitudinal length being substantially at least

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twice the width. However, the APA does not disclose a measuring duct having a first pair of generally smooth converging inner wall surfaces including an inflection point. Bonne discloses a measuring duct having a first pair of generally smooth converging inner wall surfaces including an inflection point (Fig. 1) for the purpose of eliminating particle bounces directed toward the flow sensor. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have a measuring duct having a first pair of generally smooth converging inner wall surfaces including an inflection point in the APA as taught by Bonne for the purpose of eliminating particle bounces directed toward the flow sensor.

- 5. Applicant's arguments with respect to the above mentioned claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Dickens whose telephone number is (703) 305-7047. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the receptionist or the customer service

representative whose telephone numbers are (703) 308-0956 or (703) 308-4800 respectively. The fax numbers are (703) 305-3431 and (703) 305-3432.

ce/dickens

June 21, 2002

Benjamin R. Fuller Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 2800 5